



# Genomic Unity<sup>®</sup> Muscular Dystrophy Analysis NR008

## Overview

Muscular dystrophies are a group of genetic disorders characterized by progressive muscle degeneration and weakness.

Genomic Unity<sup>®</sup> Muscular Dystrophy Analysis is an effective test for the genetic cause of muscle weakness in patients suspected of having one of the following muscular dystrophies: Becker muscular dystrophy, Duchenne muscular dystrophy, Emery-Dreifuss muscular dystrophy, Limb-Girdle muscular dystrophy, Ullrich congenital muscular dystrophy, Walker-Warburg syndrome as well as other congenital muscular dystrophies.

## Method

PCR free whole genome sequencing (WGS) is used as the underlying NGS technology. Its consistent read depth across >98% of the genome enables identification of multiple variant types from a single patient sample.

Proprietary algorithms optimized for each variant type are used to perform discrete in-silico analyses of the data which are brought together for collective interpretation, providing a complete genetic picture.

Rigorously trained variant scientists interpret all variant types in the context of the patient's phenotype and generate a unified clinical report.

## Included analyses

- ✓ Sequencing analysis of muscular dystrophy associated genes
- ✓ Del/dup analysis of muscular dystrophy associated genes

## Test performance

### *Highly uniform sequencing depth*

- 30X mean mappable coverage
- >98% of nucleotides covered at ≥8x
- >99% of HGMD and ClinVar annotated variants covered at ≥8x

### *Highly sensitive detection of SNVs and indels up to 50 bp*

- 99.8% sensitivity
- 99.7% positive predictive value

### *Highly sensitive detection of structural variants*

- 96% clinical sensitivity
- In most cases, the exact genomic coordinates (the breakpoints) of the structural variant can be determined

## Accepted sample types

- Blood - optimally 5ml
- gDNA - 5µg minimum
- Saliva

## Reflex option

In the case that Genomic Unity<sup>®</sup> Muscular Dystrophy Analysis does not identify causal variants, the option is given to reflex up to Genomic Unity<sup>®</sup> Whole Genome Analysis which looks more broadly for causal variants across all genes.

The reflex option is offered for a nominal patient pay price when not covered by the patient's insurance.

## Genes analyzed

*ANO5, B3GALNT2, B4GAT1, CAPN3, CAV3, CHKB, COL12A1, COL6A1, COL6A2, COL6A3, DAG1, DES, DMD, DNAJB6, DYSF, EMD, FHL1, FKRP, FKTN, GMPPB, HNRNPDL, ISPD, ITGA7, LAMA2, LARGE1, LIMS2, LMNA, MYOT, PLEC, POMGNT1, POMGNT2, POMK, POMT1, POMT2, RXYLT1, SELENON, SGCA, SGCB, SGCD, SGCG, SMCHD1, SUN1, SUN2, SYNE1, SYNE2, TCAP, TMEM43, TNPO3, TOR1AIP1, TRAPPC11, TRIM32, TTN*